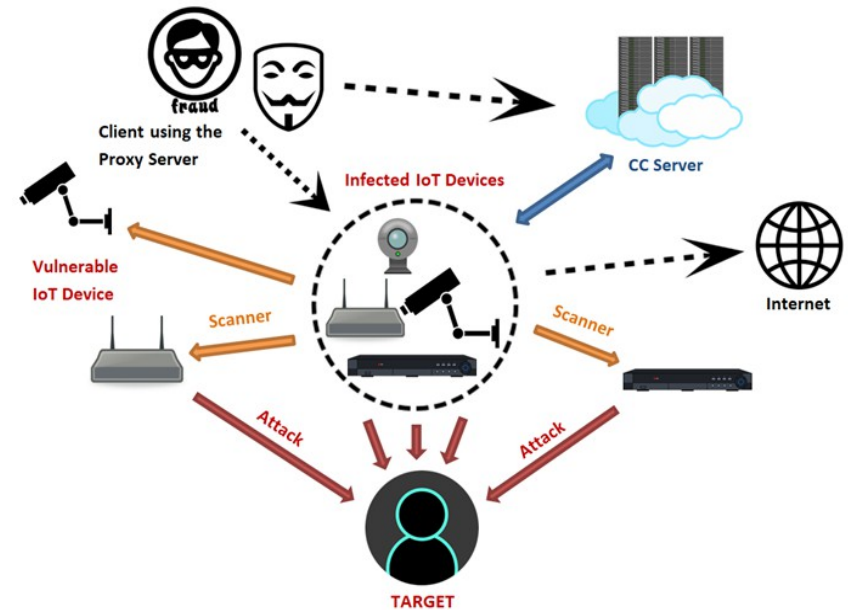


# Machine Learning for IoT Network Monitoring

Mustafizur R. SHAHID & Gregory BLANC

- ▶ 75B connected devices by 2030
- ▶ Diversity of IoT devices: security camera, smart bulb, smart plug, smart thermostat, smart car, ...
- ▶ 600% increase in IoT attacks from 2016 to 2017 (ISTR Symantec 2018)
- ▶ Constantly evolving malware:
  - Mirai (2016)
  - Reaper (2017)
  - HideNSeek (2018)

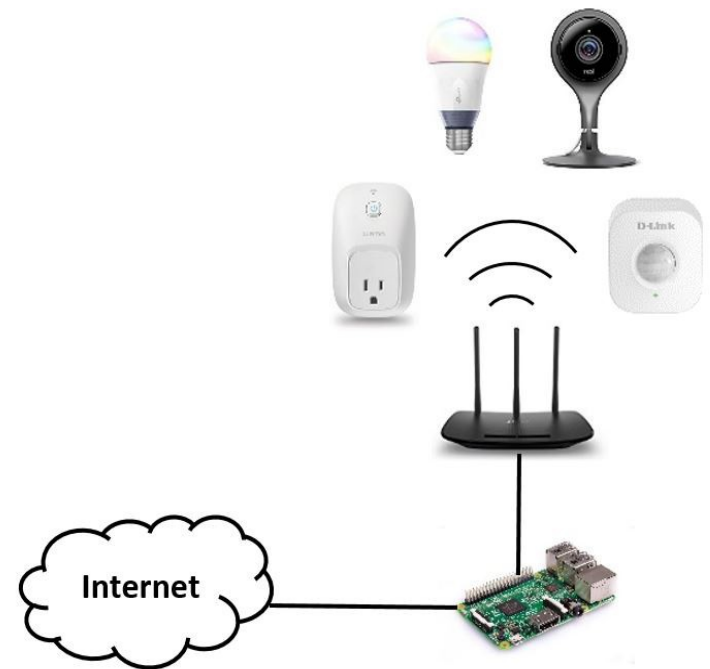


*IoT Botnet*  
Source: [www.fortinet.com](http://www.fortinet.com)

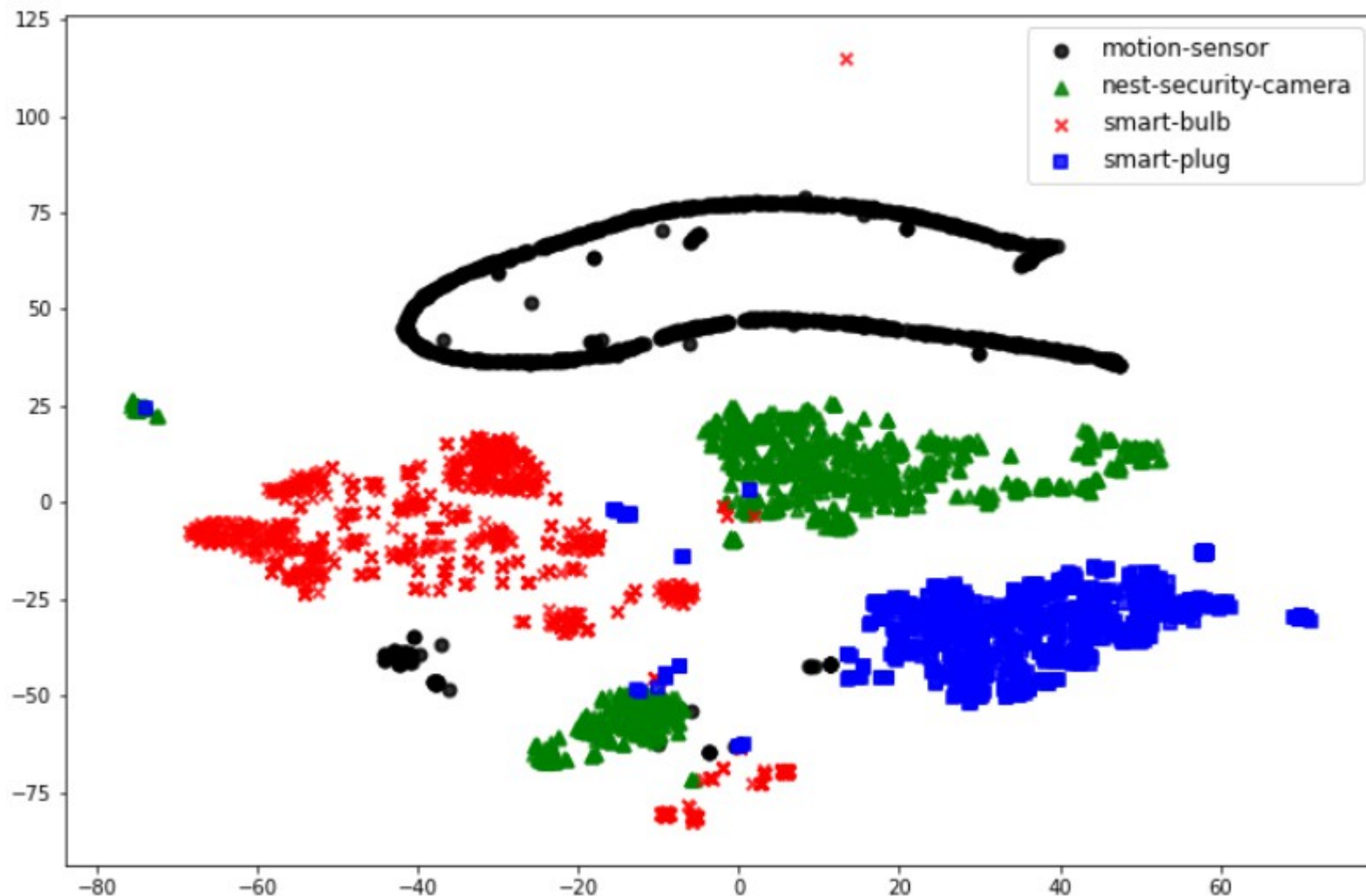
- ▶ **SoTA.** Extensive academic research on the use of ML for intrusion detection in general purpose networks: but few actual deployments in production  
R. Sommer & V. Paxson : Outside the closed world, S&P'10
- ▶ **Key observation.** IoT devices perform very specific tasks making their networking behavior very stable and predictable
- ▶ **Constraints.** IoT devices may be resource-constrained so no monitoring on host
- ▶ Two types of monitoring methods are proposed:
  - IoT device identification: classification methods help enforce security, e.g. by applying device specific filtering rules.
  - Traffic anomaly detection: learning IoT signals to detect new and anomalous behaviors

- ▶ Experimental smart home network composed of Nest security camera, D-Link motion sensor, TP-Link smart bulb and smart plug.
- ▶ Traffic collected for 7 days
- ▶  $N = 10$ , timeout = 600 seconds

	train	test
Motion sensor	867	207
Security camera	839	216
Smart Bulb	821	219
Smart Plug	695	163
<b>Total</b>	<b>3222</b>	<b>805</b>



- ▶ Network Traffic Classification on TCP packet headers or flow metadata
- ▶ Assumption: 1 profile for each category of IoT device
- ▶ Training: 7 days of data, validation set of 25% to fine tune hyperparameters
- ▶ Focus on precision: need to accurately classify objects
- ▶ Tested algorithms: Random Forest, Decision Tree, SVM, k-Nearest Neighbors, Artificial Neural Network and Gaussian Naïve Bayes.



- ▶ **Intuition:** create a model that faithfully reproduce normal traffic
- ▶ Model attempts to minimize the reconstruction error of the signal
- ▶ One anomaly detector per device

